



Bag Limit

There is not a daily or season limit on wolves. No person may take more wolves than the number of legal tags they possess. Either sex may be taken.

Wolf Tags

Tag Valid Dates: Wolf tags bought with a hunting license are valid for the calendar year. Wolf tags bought with a trapping license are valid for the trapping year (July 1 - June 30).

Option to Use Nonresident Deer/Elk Tags: An unfilled nonresident deer/elk tag may be used in the same hunt unit/zone/area to harvest a black bear, mountain lion, or gray wolf instead of a deer/elk, as long as the season for black bear, mountain lion, or gray wolf is also open at the same time and location as the deer/elk hunt, see page 111.

Tag Use for Wolf Hunting (wolves not restrained by traps): Persons with valid hunting licenses may use valid wolf tags bought under either hunting licenses or trapping licenses to take wolves in compliance with hunting seasons and rules.

Tag Use for Wolf Trapping: Persons trapping for wolves must possess a valid trapping license, with a Wolf Trapper Education course validation, and a wolf tag(s). Trappers meeting these requirements may use valid wolf tags bought under either hunting licenses or trapping licenses to take wolves by trapping in compliance with trapping seasons and rules.

General Rules for Hunting and Trapping

Tags: Tags must be validated and securely attached immediately upon harvesting a wolf.

Mandatory Check and Report: Any hunter or trapper harvesting a gray wolf must, **within 10 days of date of kill:**

- Present skull and portion of the hide, with evidence of sex attached, to an Idaho Department of Fish and Game (IDFG) office or a Fish and Game conservation officer (for removal/retention of premolar tooth and tagging of the hide with an official state export tag). No person may have in possession, except within 10 days of the date of kill, any raw gray wolf pelt without an official state export tag attached, unless that person

possesses a fur buyer or taxidermist license or appropriate import documentation.

- A hunter or trapper may authorize another person to comply with the mandatory check and report, provided that person has enough information to accurately complete the necessary form. Proxy statement required, see page 101.
- **Please thaw your gray wolf hide and skull before bringing it in for tagging. Staff members may not be able to check a frozen hide or skull.**

Wolves with Radio Collars: Return any radio collars on harvested wolves at the time of mandatory check.

Evidence of Sex: External evidence of sex (scrotum, penis, or testicles for males, or udder or vulva for females) must be left naturally attached to the hide, or portion of the hide, until the mandatory check requirement has been satisfied.

Retrieving Meat: There is no requirement to retrieve meat from a harvested wolf.

Big Game Feeding Sites: It is illegal to hunt, trap or pursue wolves within one-half mile of any active Idaho Fish and Game big game feeding site.

Weapon Restrictions: Same as for other big game animals, see page 98 - 99. Except it is legal to dispatch a trapped gray wolf with any rifle or handgun.

Electronic Calls: Electronic calls may be used to attract wolves.

Telemetry: It is illegal to take wolves using radio telemetry.

Dogs: It is illegal to use dogs to pursue wolves.

Bait: Hunting big game over bait is illegal, except for black bears. Wolves may be taken incidentally to bear baiting. See pages 68 - 69.

Hunting with Aircraft: The Federal Airborne Hunting Act prohibits recreational hunting from aircraft.

Poison: It is illegal for hunters or trappers to use poison to take wolves. Federal law restricts use of poison for animals.

Sanitary Landfill or Designated Dump: It is illegal to hunt wolves within 200 yards of the perimeter of any designated dump or sanitary landfill.

Hunting Hours: Hunting hours are from one-half hour before sunrise to one-half hour after sunset.

Special Wolf Hunting Seasons Allowing Expanded Hunting Methods

During **only** those hunting seasons designated on page 80 as "Expanded hunting methods":

- **Weapons:** Weapon restrictions (pages 98 - 99) do not apply.
- **Bait:** Bait for wolf hunting is allowed on private lands with landowner permission. It is not legal to use edible meat portions of any game bird or animal, except legally salvaged road kill. For more information and to complete the required

form to legally salvage road kill visit idfg.idaho.gov/roadkill or call a Fish and Game office, see page 4. Except for wolf hunting incidental to legal baiting with a black bear bait permit or incidental to legal trapping, placing bait on federal land for hunting wolves is subject to federal prosecution (as illegal dumping). Hunting over carcasses or animal parts that have not been placed as bait for hunting is legal.

- **Hunting Hours:** A hunter may take wolves outside of hunting hours, only if:
 - On private land, the hunter is the landowner or has written permission from the landowner to hunt outside of hunting hours.
 - On public land (government-owned land), the hunter has obtained a permit from IDFG to hunt outside of hunting hours. IDFG permits may be obtained from Regional Offices. See page 96 for public lands closed to hunting.
- **Motorized Vehicles:** Motorized vehicle restrictions for wolf hunting do not apply (see pages 104-106); however, government or private landowner motorized access restrictions may still apply. It is also still illegal to shoot from or across any public highway (the traveled portion of, and the shoulders on each side of, any road maintained by any government entity for public travel, including all bridges, culverts, overpasses, fills, and other structures within the limits of the right-of-way of any such road).
- **Dogs:** Hunters may use dogs to pursue wolves. No hound hunter permit is required.

Wolf Trapping Rules

A person must attend a wolf trapper education class and have a valid trapping license before trapping for wolves. Information on Wolf trapper classes is posted on the Fish and Game website at idfg.idaho.gov/hunt/education.

Legal Methods of take: Ground sets are the only legal set allowed for trapping gray wolves. Ground sets are defined as any foothold trap or snare originally set in or on the land, including any traps elevated up to a maximum of thirty-six (36) inches above the natural ground level. Size restrictions on body-gripping traps mean they are not allowed for wolves.

It is illegal:

- To use any set within thirty (30) feet of any visible bait.
- To use a dirt hole set with bait unless the bait remains covered at all times to protect raptors and other meat-eating birds from being caught accidentally.
- To place any ground set on, across, or within ten (10) feet of the edge of any maintained unpaved public trail designated by any city, county, state, or federal transportation or land management agency on the most current official map of the agency.
- To place any ground set on, across, or within any public highway; EXCEPT ground sets may be placed underneath bridges and within and at culverts that are part of a public

highway right-of-way. Public highway is defined as the traveled portion of, and shoulders on each side of, any road maintained by any governmental entity for public travel, and includes all bridges, culverts, overpasses, fills, and other structures within limits of the right-of-way of any such road.

- To place any ground set incorporating snare, trap, or attached materials within three hundred (300) feet of any designated public campground, trailhead, paved trail, or picnic area. Cage or box live traps are permitted within three hundred (300) feet of designated public campgrounds, trailheads, paved trails, or picnic areas as allowed by city, county, state, and federal law.
- To place any ground set snare without a break-away device OR cable stop incorporated within the snare loop.
- To place any foot-hold trap with an inside jaw spread greater than nine (9) inches.
- To place any ground set body-gripping trap that has a maximum jaw opening when set, of greater than seven and one-half inches measured from the inside edges of the body gripping portions of the jaws, within thirty (30) feet of any bait, lure or other attractant.
- To trap wolves within two hundred (200) yards of the perimeter of any designated dump or sanitary landfill, or within ½ mile of any active Department big game feeding site.
- To use as bait or scent any part of a domestic or wild origin game bird, big game animal, upland game animal, game fish or any part of protected nongame wildlife **except** portions of game birds, game animals, and game fish that are NOT edible portions can be used as bait. Edible portions are: 1) game bird breasts; 2) big game hind quarters, front quarters, loins, and tenderloins; 3) game fish fillets, hind legs of bullfrogs, and tails of crayfish; 4) hind legs, front legs and loins of rabbits and hares, OR live animals.

Except it is legal:

- To place sets beyond thirty (30) feet of a big game animal that has died naturally and the carcass has not been repositioned for trapping purposes. Natural causes do not include any man-caused mortality.
- To place sets beyond thirty (30) feet of a legally salvaged road kill unless prohibited by Fish and Game Commission Proclamation. For more information and to complete the required form to legally salvage road kill, visit our website at idfg.idaho.gov/roadkill or call a Fish and Game office, see page 4.

Dispatch: Trapped gray wolves may be dispatched any time of day or night with any rifle or handgun.

Bait: Bait for trapping is any animal parts; except bleached bones or liquid scent.

Incidental Wolf Take: Trappers who do not have wolf tags, but capture a wolf while targeting other species, should contact the nearest Fish and Game Office immediately. If trappers are unable to contact Fish and Game, they should release the wolf and report the capture to the nearest Fish and Game Office as soon as possible.

Caution about Non-Target Catch of Endangered Species:

Non-target capture of endangered species (such as grizzly bear and lynx) or other federally protected animals is not authorized for trappers targeting wolves, and non-target captures are subject to federal prosecution. Wolf trappers should avoid locations (such as the Panhandle and Greater Yellowstone Area) at times when endangered species may be captured (such as when grizzly bears are out of dens). Trappers who capture endangered species should contact the nearest Fish and Game Office for help with safe release of the animal or other assistance, see page 4.

Release of Non-Target Catches: Non-target species are defined as any species caught for which the season is closed or is in excess of the trapper's limit. **All non-target species caught alive shall be released immediately.** If difficulty is encountered releasing a trapped fisher, wolverine, lynx, mountain lion, or wolf please contact Fish and Game immediately for assistance, see page 4.

Any trapper who catches a non-target species that is dead shall:

- Promptly record the date and species of the animal caught.
- Report the catch on the mandatory furtaker harvest report form.
- Remove the animal from the trap and take it into possession.
- Notify Fish and Game through the local conservation officer or the nearest Fish and Game Office within seventy-two (72) hours to make arrangements, see page 4.
- Fish and Game will reimburse trappers \$10 for each lynx,

wolverine, bobcat, or fisher caught accidentally and turned in. A \$10 reward will also be paid for otters accidentally taken after the regional quota has been met.

Closed Statewide: There is no open season for fisher, kit fox, lynx or wolverine.

Traps

Checking Traps: Wolf trappers must visit every trap or snare at least once every seventy-two (72) hours and remove any catch therein.

Removing Trapped Wolves of Another: No person shall remove a wolf from the trap or snare of another; except licensed trappers with wolf trapper education, a valid wolf tag issued to the trapper removing the wolf, AND written permission from the owner of the trap or snare. Any person that removes a wolf from a trap must immediately validate their own wolf tag and attach it to the wolf.

Tags for Traps

All traps or snares set for wolves must have attached to the snare or the chain of every trap, a metal tag bearing in legible English the name and current address of the trapper; or a six-digit number assigned by Fish and Game as it appears on your trapping license adjacent to TRAPPER ID.

For additional trapping rules, see the current Upland Game, Furbearer & Turkey Seasons and Rules.

Be a Proud Trapper by being a Good Representative of Trapping.

Trappers are encouraged to use warning signs to inform recreational users that traps or snares are in the area. Trappers may print off copies of the signs from idfg.idaho.gov/trap and post them near their trap lines.

Using warning signs is voluntary.



The sign is a courtesy of Idaho Fish and Game in cooperation with the Idaho Trapper's Association.



**Private Land (See Note below)- Wolf Hunting Seasons
July 2023 - June 2024**

Units	Season Dates	Notes
Statewide	July 1 - June 30	<i>Expanded hunting methods allowed, See pages 77 - 78</i>

Private Land Note: Hunter use of private land must comply with trespass laws. Private property owners may have specific restrictions for hunting on their property. Please check with the private landowner. For restrictions that may apply to private lands under Idaho Department of Fish & Game (IDFG) Access Programs (Large Tracts or Access Yes!), please check: idfg.idaho.gov/access.

**Public Land - Wolf Hunting Seasons
July 2023 - June 2024**

WOLF

Units	Season Dates	Notes
1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 8A, 11, 11A, 13, 19A, 21, 21A, 25, 38, 40, 41, 42, 46, 48, 54, 55, 57, 60, 60A, 61, 62A, 63, 63A, 68, 68A, 71, 73A, 74	July 1 - June 30	<i>General hunting rules apply (Expanded hunting methods not allowed)</i>
4, 4A, 6, 7, 9, 10, 10A, 12, 14, 15, 16, 16A, 17, 18, 19, 20, 20A, 22, 23, 24, 26, 27, 28, 31, 33, 34, 35, 36, 36B, 39, 43, 44, 62, 64, 65, 67	Apr 1 - Nov 14	<i>General hunting rules apply (Expanded hunting methods not allowed)</i>
	Nov 15 - Mar 31	<i>Expanded hunting methods allowed, See pages 77 - 78</i>
29, 32, 32A, 36A, 37, 49, 50, 51	Apr 1 - Nov 14	<i>General hunting rules apply (Expanded hunting methods not allowed), Motorized Hunting Rule Applies August 30 - November 14 only, See Pages 104 - 106</i>
	Nov 15 - Mar 31	<i>Expanded hunting methods allowed, See pages 77 - 78</i>
30, 30A, 37A, 45, 47, 52, 52A, 53, 56 58, 59, 59A, 66, 66A, 69, 70, 72, 73, 75, 76, 77, 78	July 1 - June 30	<i>General hunting rules apply (Expanded hunting methods not allowed), Motorized Hunting Rule Applies, See Pages 104 - 106</i>

Private Land (See Note below) - Wolf Trapping Seasons July 2023 - June 2024			
For legal methods of take see page 78			
Units	Season Dates	Foothold Traps Allowed	Snares Allowed
1, 2, 3, 4, 4A, 5, 6, 7, 8, 8A, 9, 10A, 11, 11A, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 19A, 20A, 21, 21A, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 30A, 31, 32, 32A, 33, 34, 35, 36, 36A, 36B, 37, 37A, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 46, 47, 50, 51, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 59A, 60, 60A 61, 62, 62A, 64, 65, 66, 67, 69	Apr 1 - Nov 14	Yes	No
	Nov 15 - Mar 31	Yes	Yes
10, 12, 16A, 17, 19, 20, 45, 52, 52A, 53, 63, 63A, 66A, 68, 68A, 70, 71, 72, 73, 73A, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78	April 1 – Oct 9	Yes	No
	Oct 10 - Mar 31	Yes	Yes
48, 49	July 1 - June 30	Yes	No

Private Land Note: Trapper use of private land must comply with trespass laws. Private property owners may have specific restrictions for trapping on their property. Please check with the private landowner. For restrictions that may apply to private lands under Idaho Department of Fish & Game (IDFG) Access Programs. Please check IDFG’s website at: idfg.idaho.gov/access. Large Tracts access properties follow public land seasons and rules.

Public Land - Wolf Trapping Seasons July 2023 - June 2024			
Large Tracts access properties follow public land seasons and rules.			
For legal methods of take see page 78			
Units	Season Dates	Foothold Traps Allowed	Snares Allowed
1	Nov 15 - Mar 31	Yes	Yes
2, 4, 4A, 5, 6, 7, 8, 8A, 9, 10A, 11, 11A, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 19A, 20A, 21, 21A, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 30A, 31, 32, 32A, 33, 34, 35, 36, 36A, 36B, 37, 37A, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 50, 51, 52, 52A, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 59A, 60A, 63, 63A, 64, 65 66, 66A, 67, 68, 68A, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 73A, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78	Sep 10 - Nov 14	Yes	No
	Nov 15 - Mar 31	Yes	Yes
3	Sep 10 - Nov 14	Yes	No
		See note 1, Page 82	
	Nov 15 - Mar 31	Yes	Yes
		See note 1, Page 82	

Public Land - Wolf Trapping Seasons July 2023 - June 2024

Large Tracts access properties follow public land seasons and rules.

For legal methods of take see page 78

Units	Season Dates	Foothold Traps Allowed	Snares Allowed
10, 12, 16A, 17, 19, 20	Sep 10 - Oct 9	Yes	No
	Oct 10 - Mar 31	Yes	Yes
38	Sep 10 - Nov 14	Yes	No
	<i>See note 2, Page 82</i>		
	Nov 15 - Mar 31	Yes	Yes
	<i>See note 2, Page 82</i>		
39	Sep 10 - Nov 14	Yes	No
	<i>See note 3, Page 82</i>		
	Nov 15 - Mar 31	Yes	Yes
	<i>See note 3, Page 82</i>		
60, 61, 62, 62A	Nov 15 - Mar 31	Yes	No
48, 49	None	No	No

WOLF

Notes:

1. All of Unit 3 is open except the area within the following boundary is CLOSED: starting at 4th of July Pass on Interstate 90 go east to Mill Creek, follow Mill Creek up to Forest Service Road 614, go south on Forest Service Road 614 to the headwaters of the South Fork of Cedar Creek then down South Fork of Cedar Creek to Interstate 90, then follow Interstate 90 east back to beginning (4th of July Recreation Area) AND the area within the following boundary: starting at the intersection of US Hwy 95 and Interstate 90, east on Interstate 90 to East Sherman Avenue, then east on East Sherman Avenue then continue onto East Fernan Lake Road to Fernan Saddle, then north on Forest Service Road 1535 to the junction at Burnt Cabin Saddle, then north on Forest Service Road 206 which turns into Ohio Match Road to the junction with US Hwy 95, then follow US Hwy 95 south to the point of beginning. Map available at Panhandle Regional office.
2. That portion of Unit 38 within Ada County **closed**.
3. That portion of Unit 39 within Ada County is **closed**. Trapping open in that portion of Unit 39 within Boise and Elmore Counties **only**.